

Nouveaux traitements dans l'Amylose AL

Pr Arnaud Jaccard – CHU Limoges

Liens d'intérêt

- Honoraires : Janssen, Celgene, Takeda, Amgen
- Financement de la recherche: Celgene, Janssen, Sanofi

AMYLOSE AL

PROTOCOLE NATIONAL DE DIAGNOSTIC ET DE SOINS

Ce PNDS a été coordonné par Pr Frank Bridoux et Arnaud Jaccard du Centre de référence Amylose AL du CHU Limoges et Poitiers et sous l'égide de la filière de santé maladies rares MaRiH (Maladies Rares Immuno-Hématologiques).



Liste des personnes ayant collaboré à l'élaboration du PNDS «AMYLOSE AL »

CHU Limoges :

Pr Arnaud Jaccard (Hématologie)
Pr Laurent Magy (Neurologie)
Dr Murielle Roussel (Hématologie)

CHU Poitiers:

Pr Frank Bridoux
Dr Estelle Desport
Dr Vincent Javaugue (Néphrologie)

CHU Paris, St Louis:

Pr Bertrand Arnulf
Dr Stéphanie Harel
Dr Bruno Royer
Dr Camille Villesuzanne (Immuno-Hématologie).

CHU Créteil, Henri Mondor:

Dr Karim Belhadj (Hématologie)
Pr Thibaud Damy (Cardiologie)

CHU Caen:

Dr Margaret Macro (Hématologie)

CHU Lyon:

Dr Lionel Karlin (Hématologie)

CHU Rennes:

Pr Olivier Decaux (Hématologie)

CHU Toulouse:

Dr Antoine Huart (Néphrologie), Pr Olivier Lairez (Cardiologie)

Sont également associés:

Dr Sébastien Bender, CRIBL, Limoges
Dr Magalie Colombat, anatomopathologie, IUC, Toulouse ;
Pr Jill Corre, génétique des hémopathies, IUC, Toulouse ;
David Lavergne, CNR-AL, Limoges ;
Dr Virginie Pascal, Immunologie, Limoges ;
Pr Christophe Sirac, CRIBL, Limoges ;
Dr Audrey Sibille, néphrologie, Poitiers.

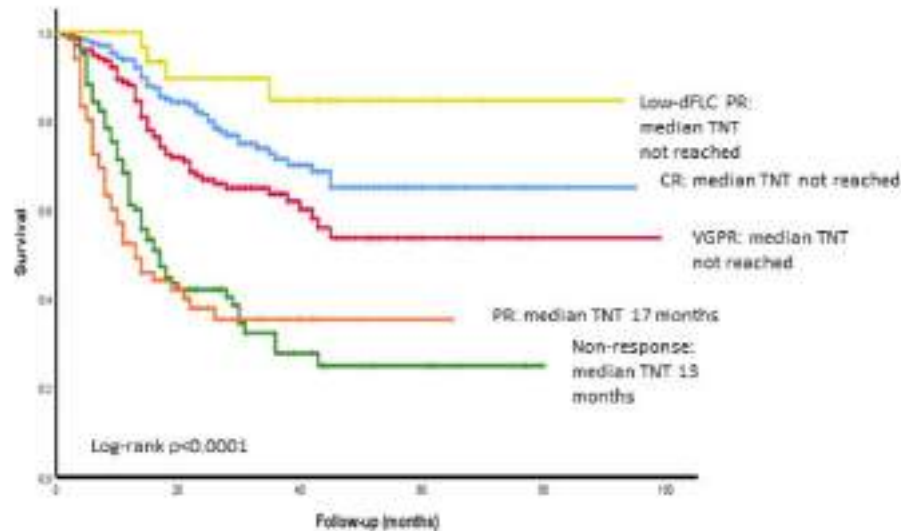
Déclarations d'intérêt

Tous les participants à l'élaboration du PNDS ont rempli une déclaration d'intérêt.
Les déclarations d'intérêt sont en ligne et consultables sur le site internet de l'HAS (www.has-sante.fr)

Traitement de l'amylose AL

- Vise à renverser l'équilibre entre
 - la formation des dépôts d'amylose qui dépend du niveau des chaînes légères libres d'immunoglobulines monoclonales
 - et leur élimination lente par l'organisme (en attendant les traitements permettant d'éliminer rapidement les dépôts)
- ▮ Il faut faire diminuer le taux de chaînes légères en détruisant les cellules productrices (plasmocytes dans 90% des cas)
 - Chimiothérapies de myélome avec une plus grande efficacité sur
 - Les taux de réponse
 - La rapidité des réponses
 - La durée des réponses
 - » Du fait du caractère stressé des plasmocytes d'amylose
- ▮ Si le taux de la protéine baisse les atteintes cliniques vont s'améliorer, souvent très lentement et de façon différente suivant les organe
 - Foie > rein > cœur > macroglossie
- ▮ La chimiothérapie ne joue pas sur les dépôts eux-mêmes
- ▮ L'apparition de traitements efficaces et bien tolérés rend beaucoup plus exigeants sur la profondeur de la réponse

« Stringent low dFLC
response »
=dFLC<10 mg/l at 6 months



Manwani et al. Blood 2019

The utility of MASS-FIX to detect and monitor monoclonal proteins in the clinic

Paolo Milani^{1,2,3} | David L. Murray⁴ | David R. Barnidge⁴ |
Mindy C. Kohlhagen⁴ | John R. Mills⁴ | Giampaolo Merlini² |
Surendra Dasari⁵ | Angela Dispenzieri¹

Am J Hematol. 2017;92:772-779.

ARTICLE

Open Access

Minimal residual disease negativity by next-generation flow cytometry is associated with improved organ response in AL amyloidosis

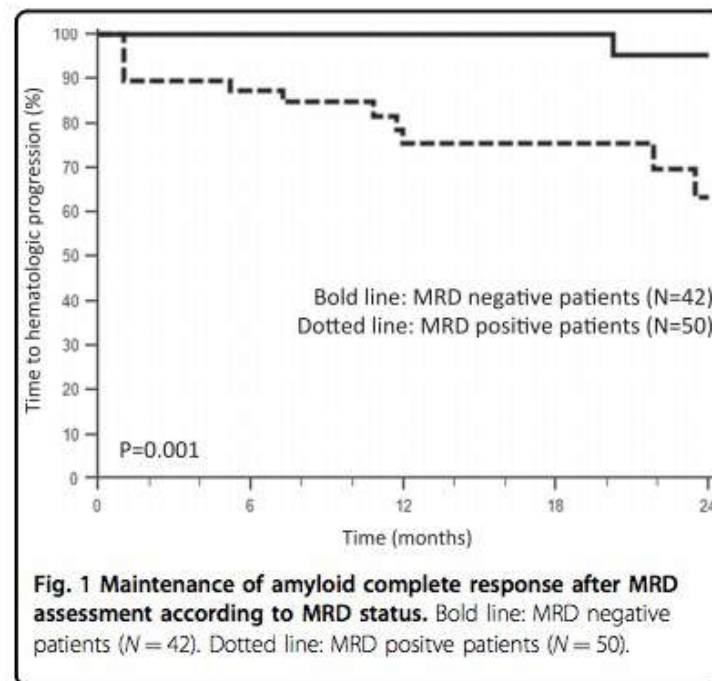
Giovanni Palladini^{1,2,3}, Bruno Paiva⁴, Ashutosh Wechaleker^{2,5}, Margherita Massa¹, Paolo Milani^{1,2}, Marta Lasa⁶, Siram Ravichandran⁶, Isabel Krsnik⁷, Marco Basser^{1,2,3}, Leire Burgos⁸, Mario Nuvolone^{1,2,3}, Ramón Lacumben⁹, Andrea Foli^{1,2}, Noemi Pulg⁸, Melania Antonietta Sesta^{1,2,3}, Margherita Bozzola^{1,2,3}, Pasquale Cascino^{1,2,3}, Alice Nevone^{1,2,3}, Jessica Ripepi^{1,2,3}, Pierpaolo Berti⁹, Simona Casarini^{1,2}, Ombretta Annibali¹⁰, Alberto Difao⁹, Jesus San-Miguel⁴ and Giampaolo Merlini^{1,2,3}

dFLC levels were significantly lower in patients with undetectable MRD (median 1.5 vs 6.5 mg/L, $P = 0.001$)

PFS: 1 rechute vs 13

92 patients en RC hématologique
 (FLC ratio normal et IF sang et urine neg)

	MRD -	MRD +
Réponse rénale :	90% (28/31)	62% (18/29)
Réponse cardiaque	95% (22/23)	75% (24/32)



Progrès dans le traitement de l'amylose AL Pourcentage de réponses hématologiques

AL Amyloidosis: Current Chemotherapy and Immune Therapy Treatment Strategies

STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW

AL Amyloidosis: Current Chemotherapy and Immune Therapy Treatment Strategies

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

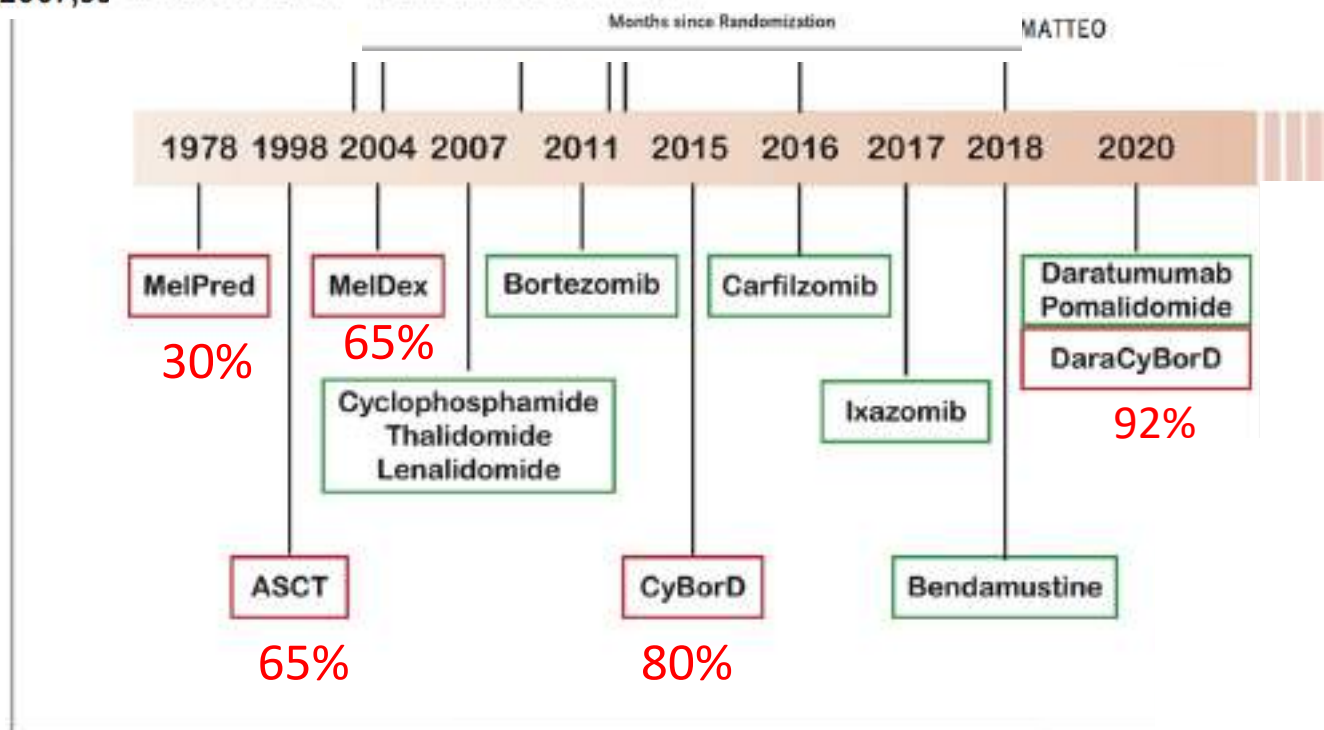
High-Dose Melphalan versus Dexamethasone for AL

Arnaud Jaccard, M.D., Philippe Moreau, M.D., Xavier Leleu, M.D., Lotfi Benboubker, M.D., Ph.D., Christian Richez, M.D., Souhail Asli, M.D., Bruno Royer, M.D., Fabrice Jardin, M.D., Ph.D., F. Bernard Gosselin, M.D., Jérôme Joubert, M.D., Pierre Bancel, M.D., Ph.D., Fabrice Quet, M.Sc., and Jean-Paul Fermand, M.D., for the Myéla and Intergroupe Francophone du Myélome

N Engl J Med 2007;35

Bortezomib, Melphalan, and Dexamethasone for Light-Chain Amyloidosis

Efstathios Kastritis, MD¹; Xavier Leleu, MD, PhD²; Bertrand Arnulf, MD, PhD³; Elena Zamagni, MD⁴; Maria Teresa Cibeira, MD, PhD⁵; Fiona Kwok, MD, MBBS⁶; Peter Mollee, MBBS, MMedSc⁷; Roman Hajek, MD⁸; Philippe Moreau, MD⁹; Arnaud Jaccard, MD, PhD¹⁰; Stefan O. Schönland, MD¹¹; Robin Filshie, MBChB, PhD¹²; Emmanuelle Nicolas-Virelizier, MD¹³; Bradley Augustson, MD¹⁴; Maria-Victoria Mateos, MD, PhD¹⁵; Ashutosh Wechalekar, MD¹⁶; Eric Hachulla, MD, PhD²; Paolo Milani, MD, PhD¹⁷; Meletios A. Dimopoulos, MD¹; Jean-Paul Fermand, MD³; Andrea Foli, MD¹⁷; Maria Gavriatopoulou, MD¹; Catherine Klersy, MD, MScEpid¹⁸; Antonio Palumbo, MD¹⁹; Pieter Sonneveld, MD, PhD²⁰; Hans Erik Johnsen, MD²¹; Giampaolo Merlini, MD^{17,22}; and Giovanni Palladini, MD, PhD^{17,22}

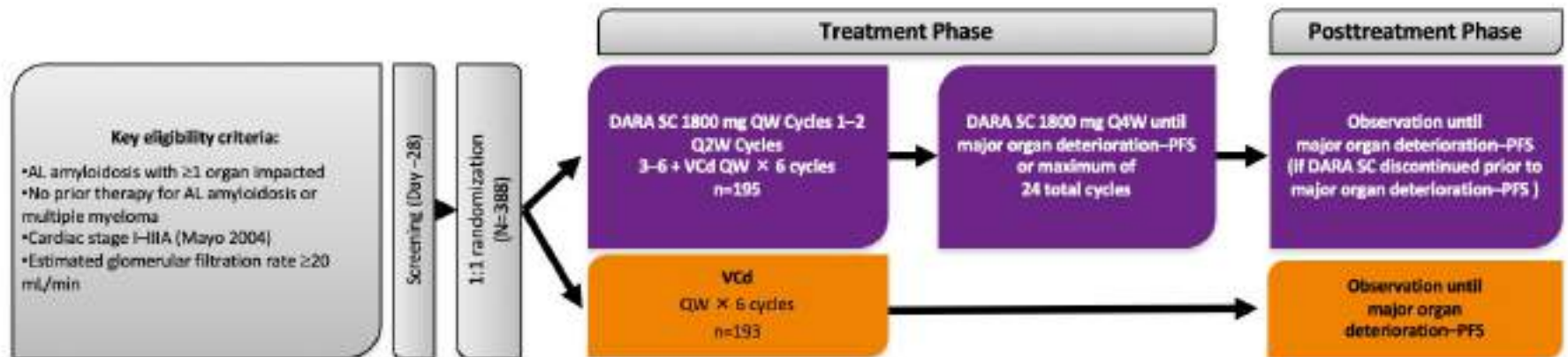


ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Daratumumab-Based Treatment for Immunoglobulin Light-Chain Amyloidosis

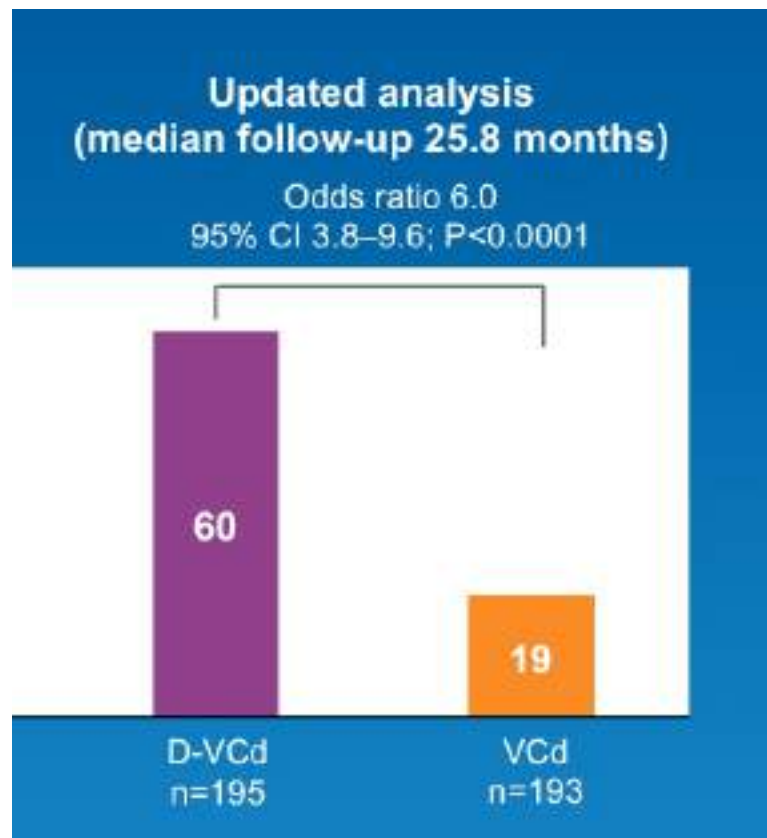
E. Kastritis, G. Palladini, M.C. Minnema, A.D. Wechalekar, A. Jaccard, H.C. Lee, V. Santhorawala, S. Gibbs, P. Mollee, C.P. Venner, J. Lu, S. Schönland, M.E. Gatt, K. Suzuki, K. Kim, M.T. Cibeira, M. Beksac, E. Libby, J. Valent, V. Hungria, S.W. Wong, M. Rosenzweig, N. Bumma, A. Huard, M.A. Dimopoulos, D. Bhutani, A.J. Waxman, S.A. Goodman, J.A. Zonder, S. Lam, K. Song, T. Hansen, S. Manier, W. Roeloffzen, K. Jamrozak, F. Kwok, C. Shimazaki, J.-S. Kim, E. Crusoe, T. Ahmadi, N.P. Tran, X. Qin, S.Y. Vasey, B. Tromp, J.M. Schechter, B.M. Weiss, S.H. Zhuang, J. Vermeulen, G. Merlini, and R.L. Comenzo, for the ANDROMEDA Trial Investigators*

N Engl J Med 2021;385:46-58.



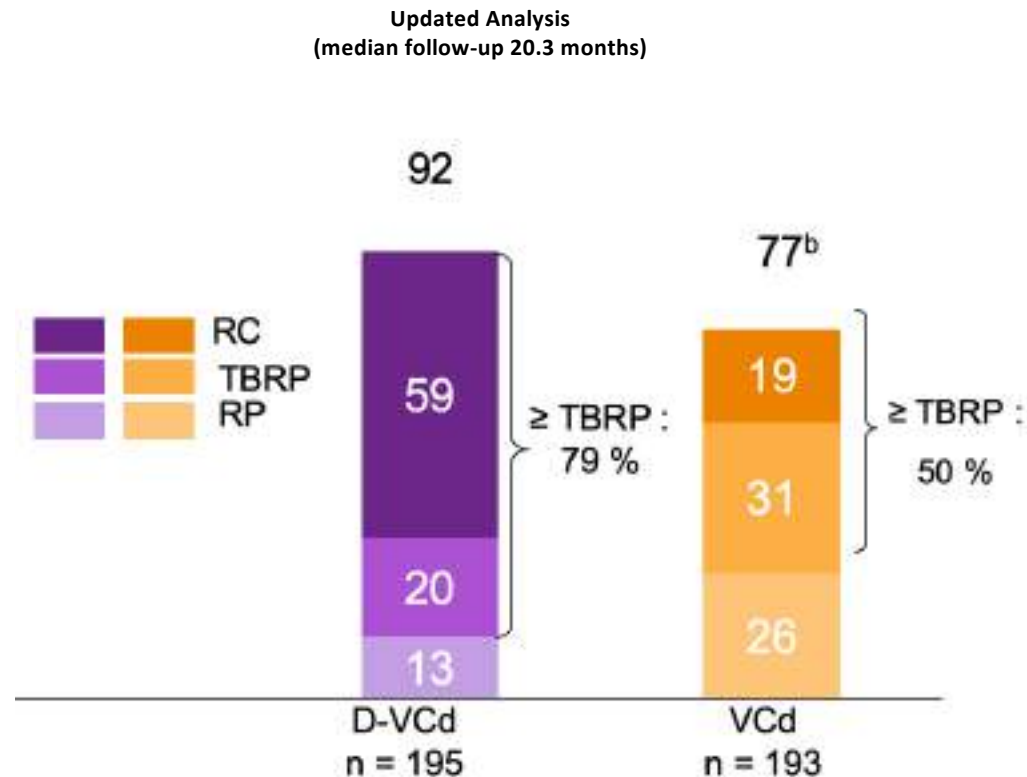
Objectif principal: réponse complète hématologique

- Hematologic CR was defined as normalization of FLC levels and negative serum and urine immunofixation
 - If iFLC < upper limit of normal, normalization of the uninvolved FLC and FLC ratio were not required



Réponse hématologique globale

- **Longer follow-up confirmed the significantly higher rate of hematologic overall response (92% vs 77%) and $\geq$ VGPR (79% vs 50%) with D-VCd vs VCd**
 - $\geq$ VGPR: odds ratio 3.7, 95% CI 2.4–5.9, $P < 0.0001$
 - Median time to $\geq$ VGPR^a was 0.56 months for D-VCd and 0.82 months for VCd



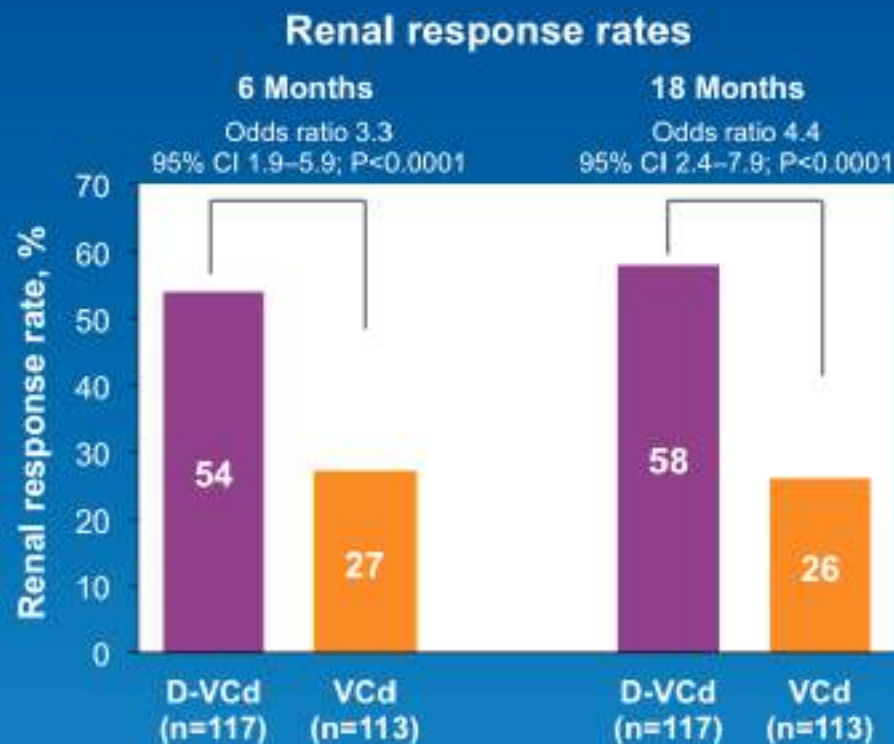
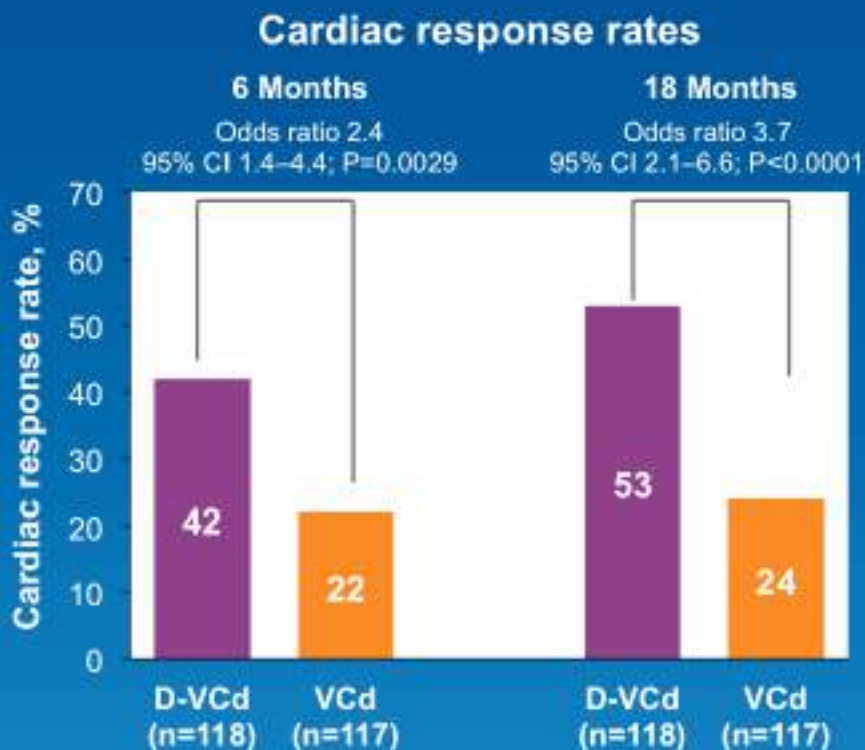
Réponse cardiaque et rénale à 18 mois

■ Cardiac responses :

- in patients with NT-proBNP ≥ 650 ng/l or NYHA III or IV (D-VCd, n = 118 ; VCd, n = 117)
- ≥ 30 % drop in NT-proBNP serum level (> 300 ng/l) or NYHA, (drop > 2 classes in patients NYHA III or IV)

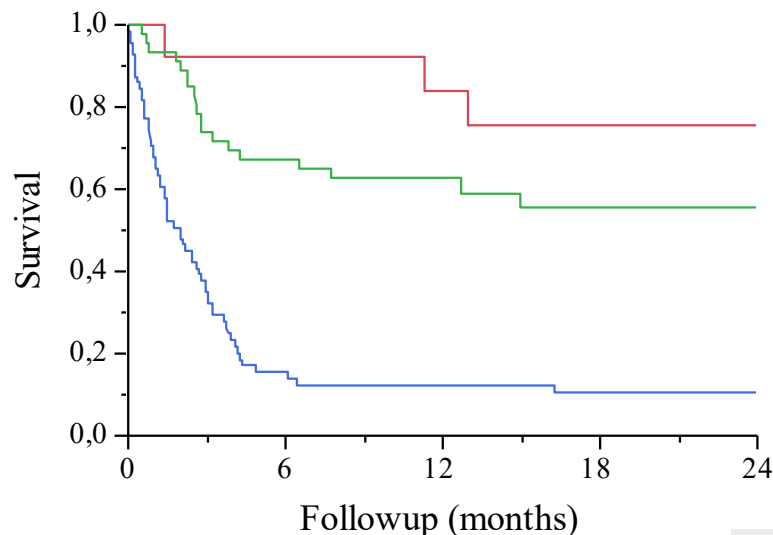
■ Renal responses:

- ≥ 30 % drop in proteinuria without $> 25\%$ drop in creatinine clearance



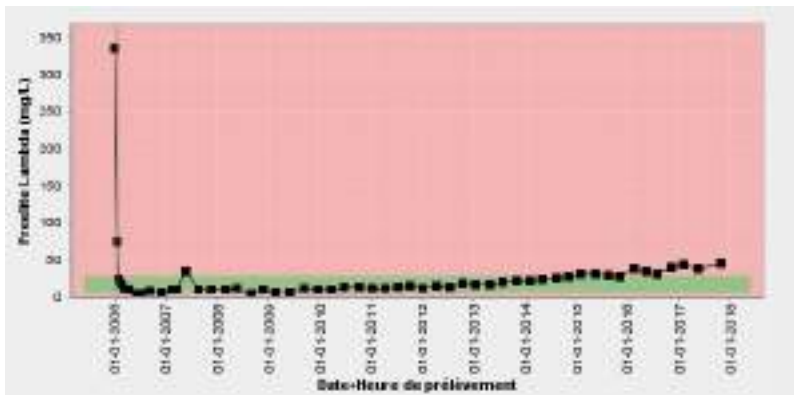
VCD Dara pour tous les patients en 1ère ligne ?

Base du centre de référence: survie des patients non répondeurs en fonction du stade Mayo: 130 patients < PR à 3 mois

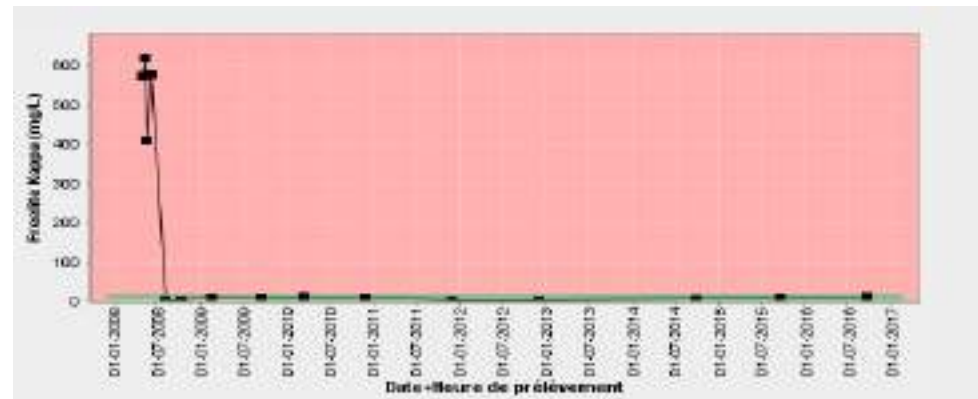


Stade Mayo

Plus la maladie est sévère plus vite il faut obtenir une réponse mais pour les patients les moins graves rattrapage possible sans perte de chance



Mdex



Mdex avec rajout de bortezomib

CLINICAL TRIALS AND OBSERVATIONS

A prospective phase 2 trial of daratumumab in patients with previously treated systemic light-chain amyloidosis

Murielle Roussel,¹ Giampaolo Merlini,^{2,3} Sylvie Chevret,⁴ Bertrand Amulf,⁵ Anne Marie Stoppa,⁶ Aurore Perrot,⁷ Giovanni Palladini,^{2,3} Lionel Karlin,⁸ Bruno Royer,⁵ Antoine Huart,⁹ Margaret Macro,¹⁰ Pierre Morel,¹¹ Laurent Frenzel,¹² Cyrille Touzeau,¹³ Eileen Boyle,¹⁴ Véronique Dorvaux,¹⁵ Fabien Le Bras,¹⁶ David Lavergne,^{17,18} Frank Bridoux,^{17,19} and Arnaud Jaccard^{17,18}

Blood 2020 Apr 30;135(18):1531-1540.

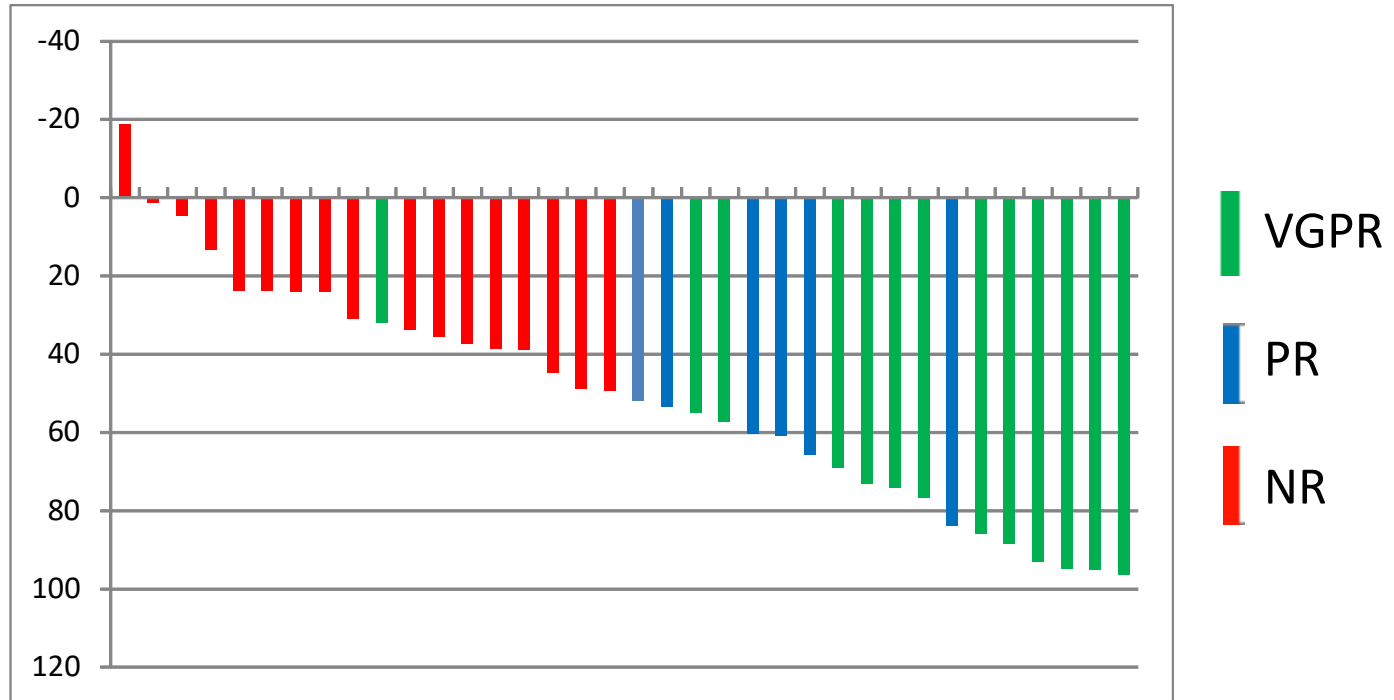
40 patients inclus
Patients déjà traités, médiane 3 TT
dFLC > 50 mg
NT-proBNP < 8500

Best response	N (%)
VGPR or better	22 (55%)
PR	4 (10%)
NR	14 (35%)

Global response rate: 65%

Hematological responses after 1 injection

NR = 17 (40,6%) **PR = 7 (17,5%)** **VGPR = 13 (32,5%)**



Global response rate: 50 %

Table 2. Predictive factors for hematological ORR

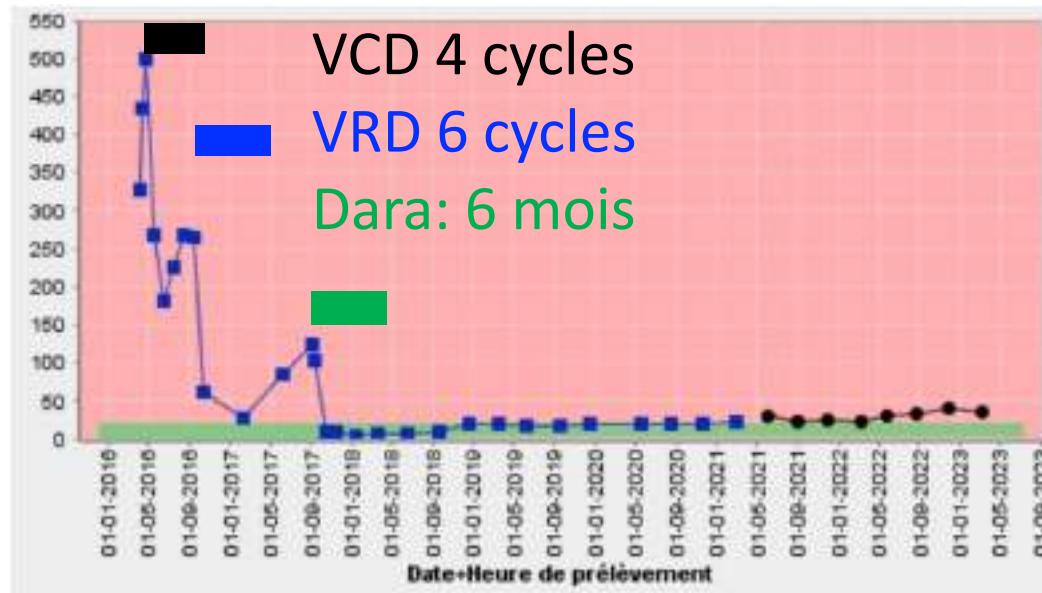
dFLC initiale: 164 mg/l (IQR, 112-334)

	Nonresponders (n = 18)	Responders (n = 22)	P
dFLC after 1 injection, median (IQR), mg/L	137 (82-238)	38 (26-69)	<.001
dFLC decrease after 1 injection, %	24	63	<.001

Questions non résolues

- Meilleur alkylant et place de l'alkylant:
 - Le melphalan pourrait être plus efficace pour les patients ayant un taux élevé de chaînes légères libres sériques (dFLC > à 180 mg/l avec le test Freelite) ou une translocation t(11;14).
- Durée du traitement par daratumumab ?
 - 2 ans dans Andromeda
 - Amydara: Dara en monothérapie pendant 6 mois¹, 9 patients avec une dFLC < 10 mg: 1 seul reprise de traitement avec 41,5 mois de recul

1) Roussel M et al.
.Blood. 2020;135(18):1531-40.



Patients de stade IIIB de la Mayo Clinic

Rapid hematologic responses improve outcomes in patients with very advanced (stage IIIB) cardiac immunoglobulin light chain amyloidosis

haematologica 2018; 103:e165

Richa Alrawani, Darren Foran, Shauwan Mahmood, Saptha Sachithanandam, Thiruvai Lene, Cristina Quarta, Taryn Youngson, Turner Reek, Helen J Lachyane, Julian D. Gillmore, Mariana Perazola, Carol Whelan, Philip N. Hawkins and Ashwin Wechalekar

Neuronal Amyloidotic Centre, University College London (Royal Free Campus), Rowland Hill Street, London, UK

Received: 1 December 2020 | Accepted: 21 February 2021

DOI: 10.1111/hae.14733

SHORT REPORT

BJ-Haem

First report of outcomes in patients with stage IIIB AL amyloidosis treated with Dara-VCD front-line therapy

Rajshekhhar Chakraborty¹ | Cara Rosenbaum² | Gurbakhash Kaur³ | Divuya Bhutani¹ | Jai Radhakrishnan⁴ | Markus Y. Mapara¹ | Mathew Maurer⁵ | Suzanne Lentzsch¹

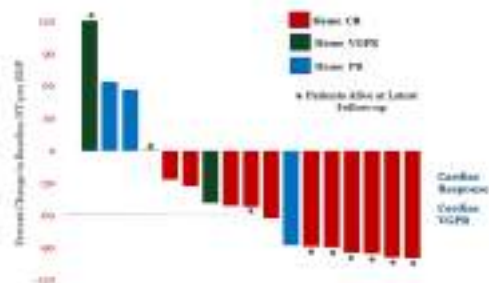
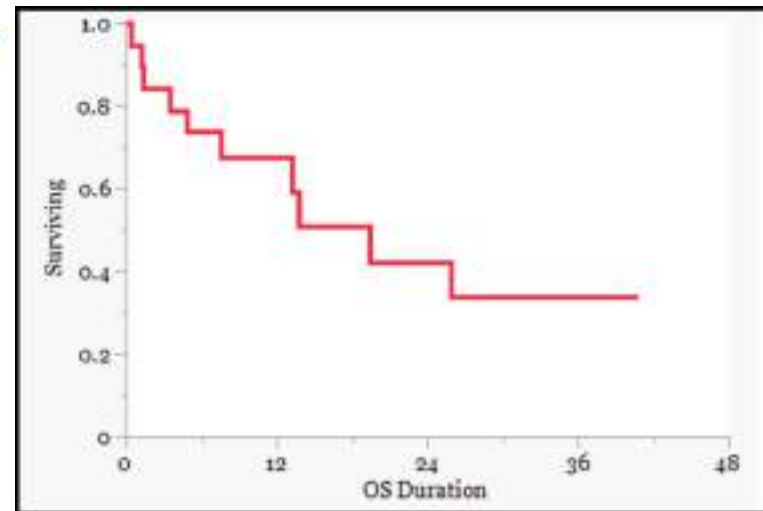
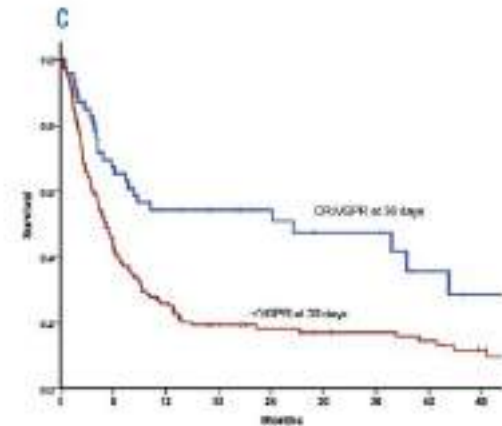


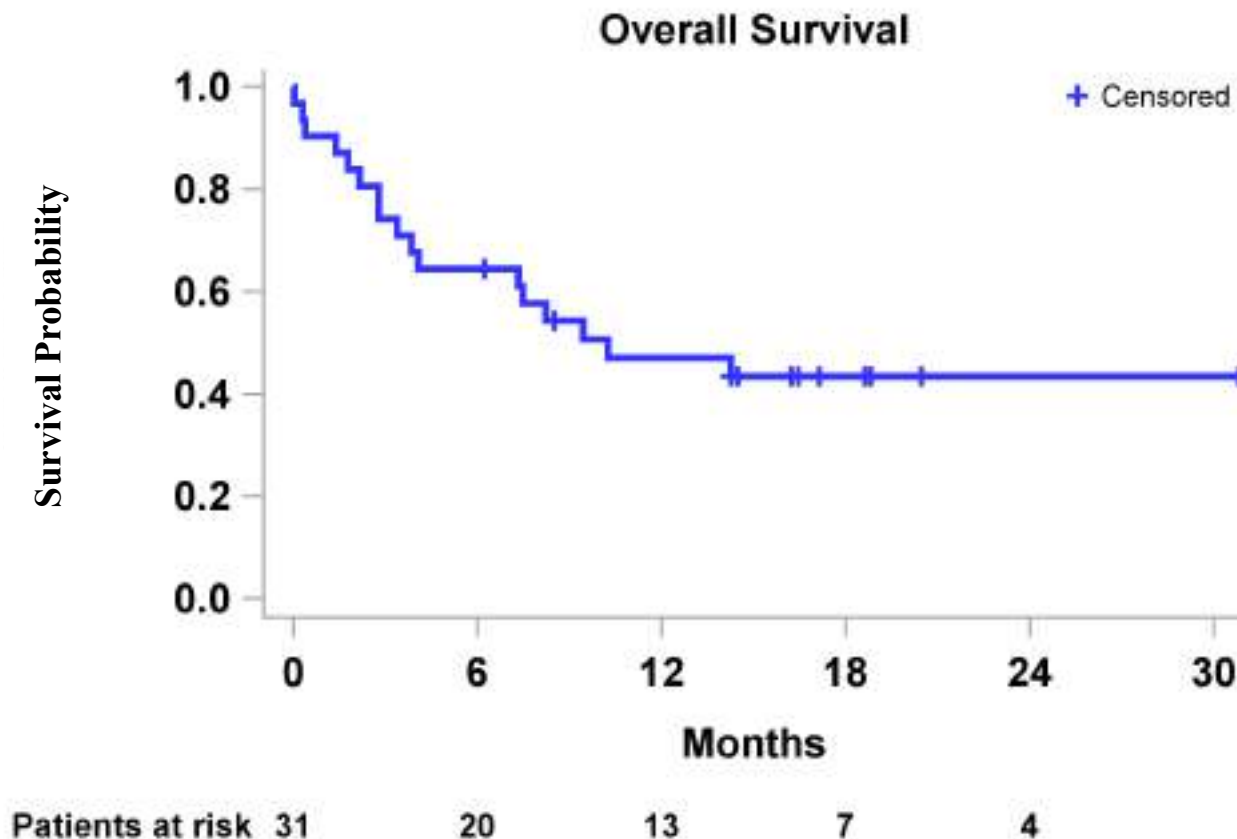
FIGURE 1 Percent change in baseline NT-proBNP level after treatment. Each bar represents one patient. VEGP, very good partial response.



A total of 10/19 patients (52.6%) died, with an estimated one-year OS of 67.5% (95% CI, 43.8–84.7).

Stathis Kastritis (Athènes) protocole Daratumumab seul dans les IIIB

6-month OS rate: 64.5%
12-month OS rate: 47.1%

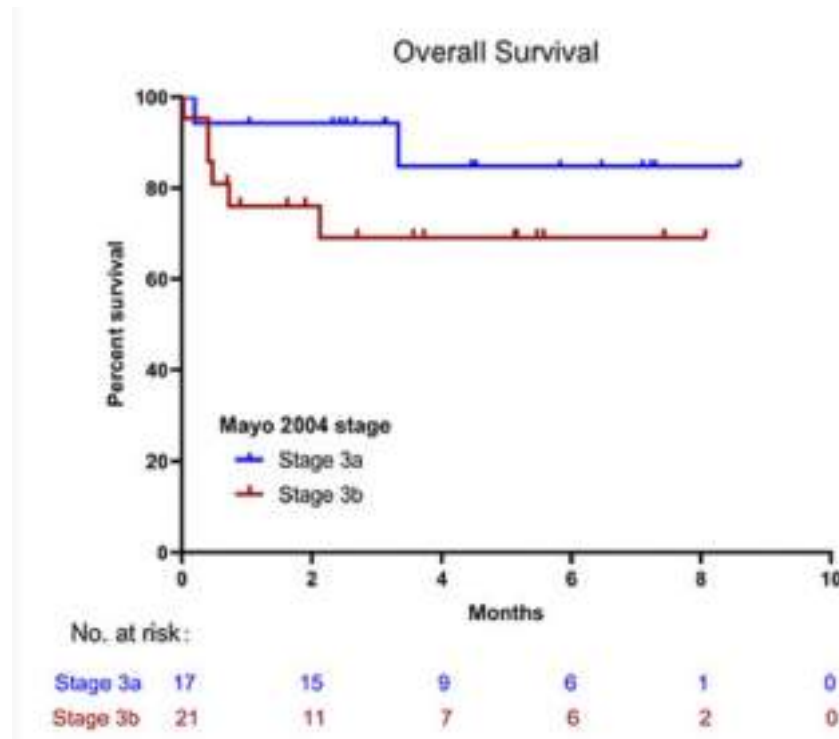


DARATUMUMAB PLUS BORTEZOMIB AND DEXAMETHASONE IN NEWLY DIAGNOSED PATIENTS WITH MAYO 2004 STAGE 3 LIGHT-CHAIN AMYLOIDOSIS: A PROSPECTIVE PHASE 2 STUDY

Ya-juan Gao

Author(s): Ya-juan Gao, Kai-ni Shen, Long Chang, Jun Feng, Lu Zhang, Yue-ying Mao, Xin-xin Cao, Dao-bin Zhou, Jian Li

(Abstract release date: 05/12/22) EHA Library. Gao Y. 06/10/2022; 357763; P903

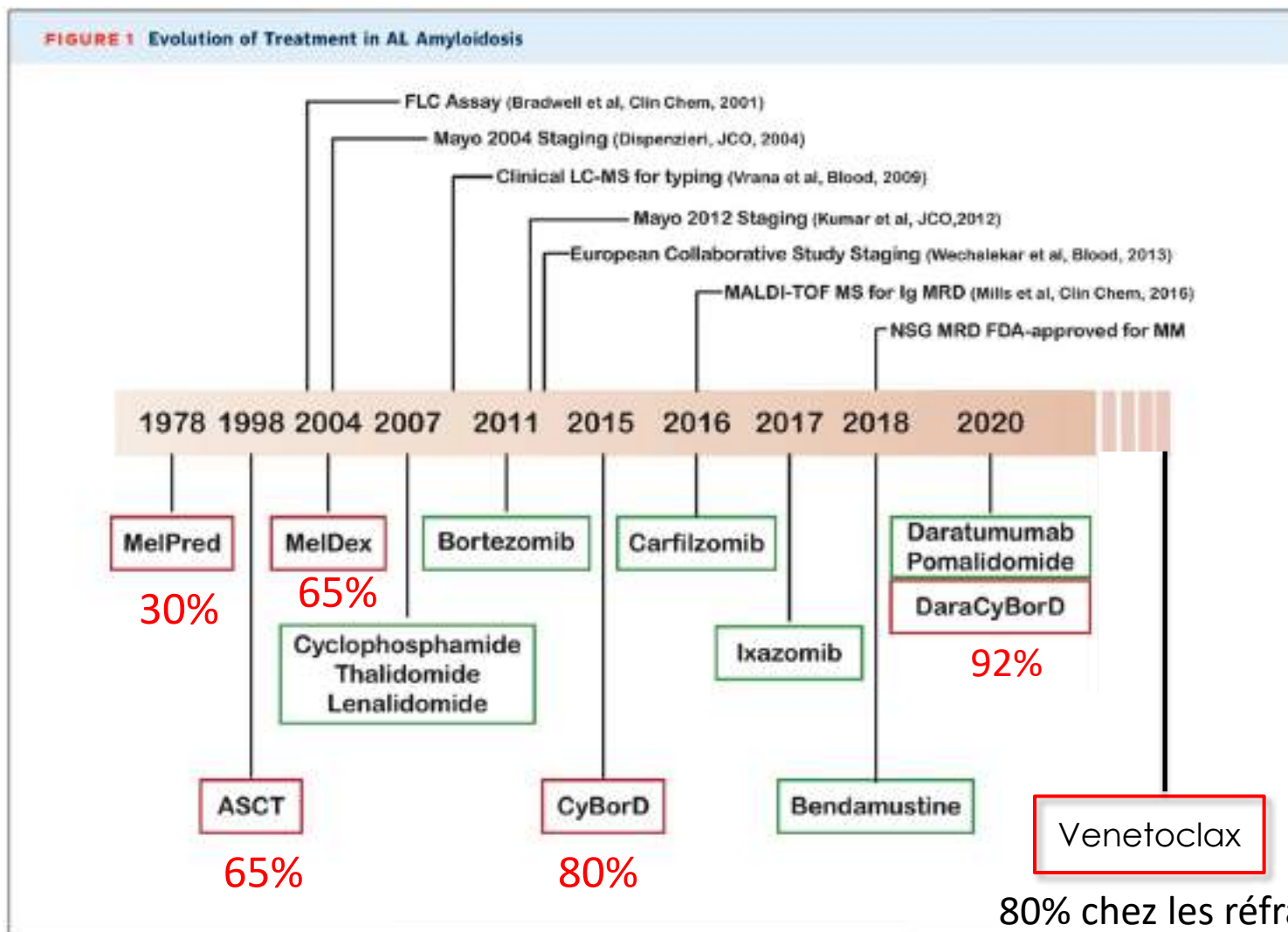


EHA 2023

Progrès dans le traitement de l'amylose AL

Pourcentage de réponses hématologiques

STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW
AL Amyloidosis: Current Chemotherapy and Immune Therapy Treatment Strategies
JACC: CardioOncology State-of-the-Art Review
Guthrie-Banks, MS; Yoon-Hwang, MS, PhD; Raymond, L; Coleman, MP



t(11;14) dans les amyloses: 50% des patients

- Si Amylose AL avec chaînes légères seules (pas d'Ig entière) 70% de chances d'avoir une t(11;14)

Table 3. Association of *t(11;14)* with hematologic parameters

	Overall study population, patient groups 1-4, n = 231			AL amyloidosis series, patient groups 1-2, n = 85		
	<i>t(11;14)</i>	No <i>t(11;14)</i>	P	<i>t(11;14)</i>	No <i>t(11;14)</i>	P
Intact immunoglobulin by immunofixation, no. patients (%)	45/76 (59)	137/155 (88)	< .001	7/38 (18)	34/47 (72)	< .001
Lambda light chain restriction, no. patients (%)	43/75 (57)	78/155 (50)	1.0	26/38 (68)	38/47 (81)	1.0
Median involved FLC concentration, mg/L	ND	ND	ND	257	193	1.0
Median plasma cell content, %	10	10	1.0	10	10	1.0

Table shows the association of the CA *t(11;14)* with hematologic parameters [n/N(%)]. The strongest association was detected between the detection of *t(11;14)* and the lack of an intact immunoglobulin.

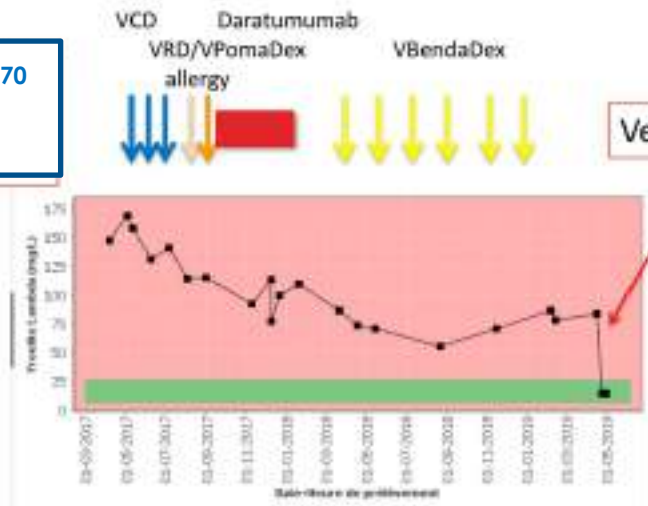
FLC indicates full light chain; ND, not determined.

Evaluation of the cytogenetic aberration pattern in amyloid light chain amyloidosis as compared with monoclonal gammopathy of undetermined significance reveals common pathways of karyotypic instability

*Tilman Bochtler,¹ Ute Hegenbart,¹ Friedrich W. Cramer,² Christiane Heiss,^{1,3} Axel Benner,³ Dirk Hose,^{1,4} Marion Moos,¹ Jelena Bili,² Claus R. Bartram,² Anthony D. Ho,¹ Hartmut Goldschmidt,^{1,4} Anna Jauch,² and Stefan O. Schönland¹

Venetoclax et t(11;14): réponses très rapides même chez les patients réfractaires

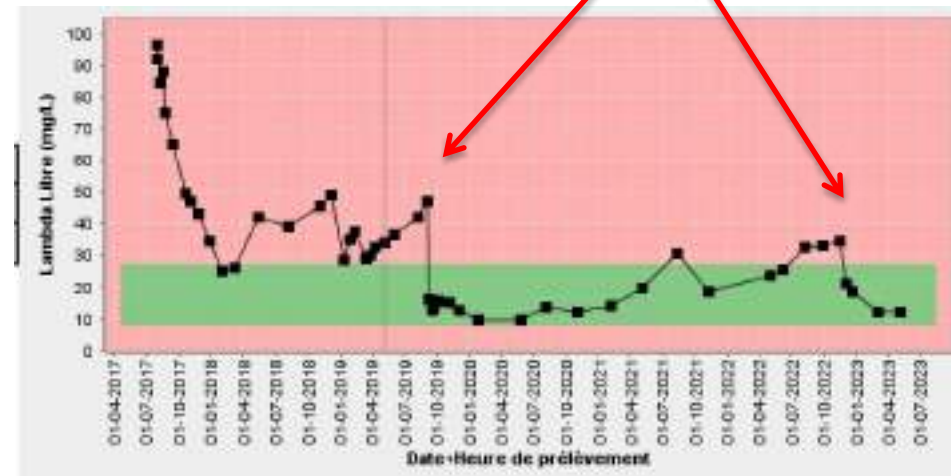
Patient de 70 ans,
T(11;14)



VCD Dara



Venetoclax seul



ARTICLE

Open Access

Venetoclax induces deep hematologic remissions in t(11;14) relapsed/refractory AL amyloidosis

Vikram J. Premkumar^{1,2}, Suzanne Lentzsch¹, Samuel Pan³, Divaya Bhutani¹, Joshua Richter⁴, Sundar Jagannath⁴, Michaela Liedtke⁵, Arnaud Jaccard⁶, Ashutosh D. Wechalekar⁷, Raymond Comenzo⁸, Vaishali Sancherawala⁹, Bruno Royer¹⁰, Michael Rosenzweig¹¹, Jason Valent¹², Stefan Schönland¹³, Rafael Fonseca¹⁴, Sandy Wong¹⁵ and Prashant Kapoor¹⁶

38 pts, 27 avec t(11;14), 3 lignes de tt antérieur,
 58% Venetoclax +-Dex, 23% + bortezomib +-Dex

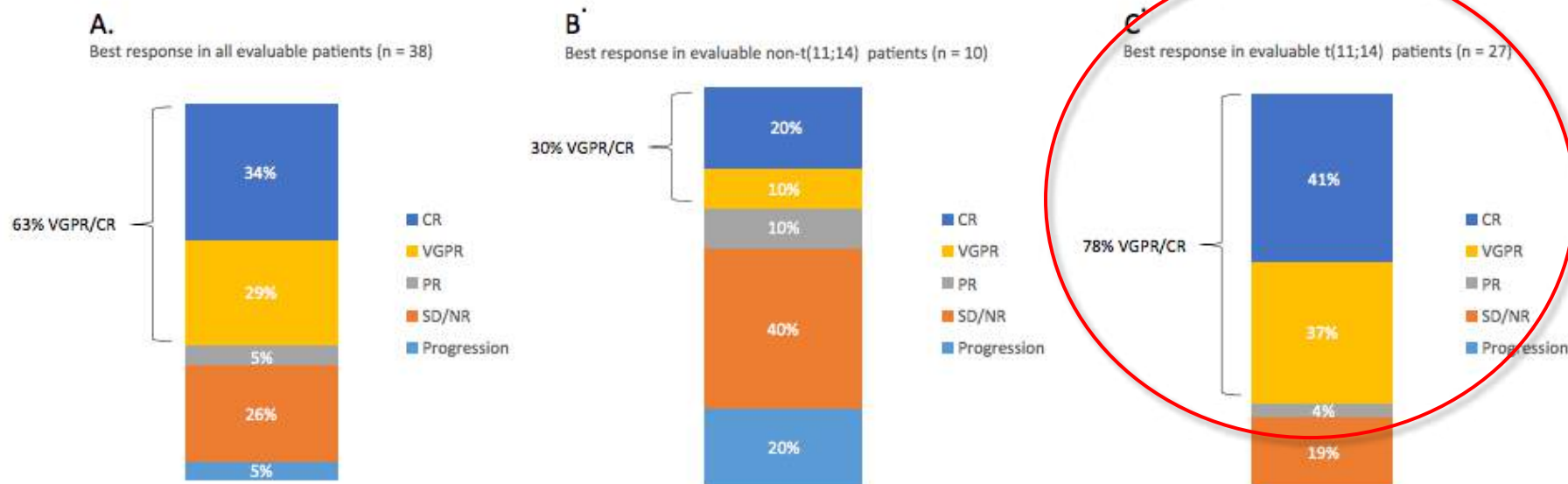


Fig. 3 Hematologic response rate. A All evaluable patients, **B** response in non-t(11;14) patients, **C** response in t(11;14) patients.



Venamy

The diagram illustrates the study design, divided into two main sections: 'Theory' and 'Etude de phase II' (Study). Both sections follow a similar timeline of events from 2000-08 to 2000-10.

Theory Section:

- 2000-08:** Systemic: All participants (N=1,144) Practice
- 2000-09:** (Intermediate step)
- 2000-10:** 2000-10: Functional Recovery (FR) assessment at the 100th day post-attack

Etude de phase II (Study) Section:

- 2000-08:** Systemic: All participants (N=1,144) Practice
- 2000-09:** (Intermediate step)
- 2000-10 (reprise):** 2000-10 (reprise): FR assessment at the 100th day post-attack

A vertical line separates the 'Theory' and 'Etude de phase II' sections, indicating a comparison or replication of the theoretical model in a practical study.

De: Erin Flannery <erin.flannery@abbvie.com>
Date: 11 avril 2023 à 21:49:52 UTC+2
À: ROUSSEL Murielle <Murielle.ROUSSEL@chu-limoges.fr>
Objet: Consent Accepted Notification SA-004539



Case 12-15007 Document 1-1 Filed 07/26/12 Page 10 of 10

Your request for ADPA support for your proposal titled, "Protein-mediated communication in T1414L amyloidosis patients not in CR at 181 post-DiGlia, Culture" was VPM00007 and was reviewed by MDA's Medical and Scientific Review Committee. The committee has approved your request for support pending timely receipt of a protocol that aligns with your submitted protocol. Information that you submit the protocol on or after 30 days from the

Volume 146, Issue Supplement 1
November 15, 2012



Veretocix targeted therapy in 11/14 AL amyloidosis patients: a retrospective analysis from the French Amyloidosis Network.

SSUSSEL MURIELLE^{1,2}, PHOTTE MICHELLE^{1,2}, QUENY KENTIN^{1,2}, RIZZO ORNELLA^{1,2},
SOLIGNO ROMAIN¹, ROYER BRUNO¹, HUANT ANTOINE¹, MAULT MATHILDE¹, KARLIN
LOUIS¹, DEDAU OLIVIER¹, MACRO MARGARET¹, VIGNON MARGUERITE¹,
CARPENTIER BERTRAND¹, CHALOPIN THOMAS¹, STOPPA ANNE-MARIE¹,
CHALAYER EMILE¹, DESPORT ESTELLE^{1,2}, BREDOUX PHAM^{1,2} and JACCARD
ERNAUD¹

ALL MULTIPLE MYELOMA AND PLASMA CELL DYSCRASIAS: CLINICAL AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL As of 1 NOVEMBER 19, 2002

Venetoclax-Targeted Therapy in t(11;14) AL Amyloidosis Patients after Frontline Daratumumab and Cybord: A Retrospective Analysis from the French Amyloidosis Network

Murielle Roussel, Michelle Prydz, Oriella Rizzo, Karla Quera, Thomas Changpin, Oliver Dossou, Kristin Delaney, Frank Reddy, Arnold Unger

14-07 - Traitement ciblé par venetoclax chez les patients atteints d'amylose AL : une analyse rétrospective du centre de référence de l'Amylose AL

Murielle Roussel (Limoges), Michèle Pironne (Lège, Belgique), Roman Gouzet (Cirelli), Konrad Quirio (Limoges), Daniela Rizzo (Bruxelles, Belgique), Bruno Ayer (Paris), Stephanie Nani (Paris), Estelle Desport (Poitiers), Antoine Auzat (Toulouse), Mathilde Naut (Lorient), Lionel Kabin (Paris), Olivier Decaux (Rennes), Thomas Chabpin (Tours), Benjamin Carpentier (Lille), Marguerite Mauro (Caen), Marguerite Vignon (Paris), Emile Chazoy (Saint-Dizmier), Anne-Marte Stoppa (Marseille), Francis Brouzet (Poitiers), Amelur [Jocelyn](#) (Limoges).

60 patients
40 en France (15 centres)
20 à Athènes (Stathis
Kastritis)

Progrès dans le traitement de l'amylose AL

Pourcentage de réponses hématologiques

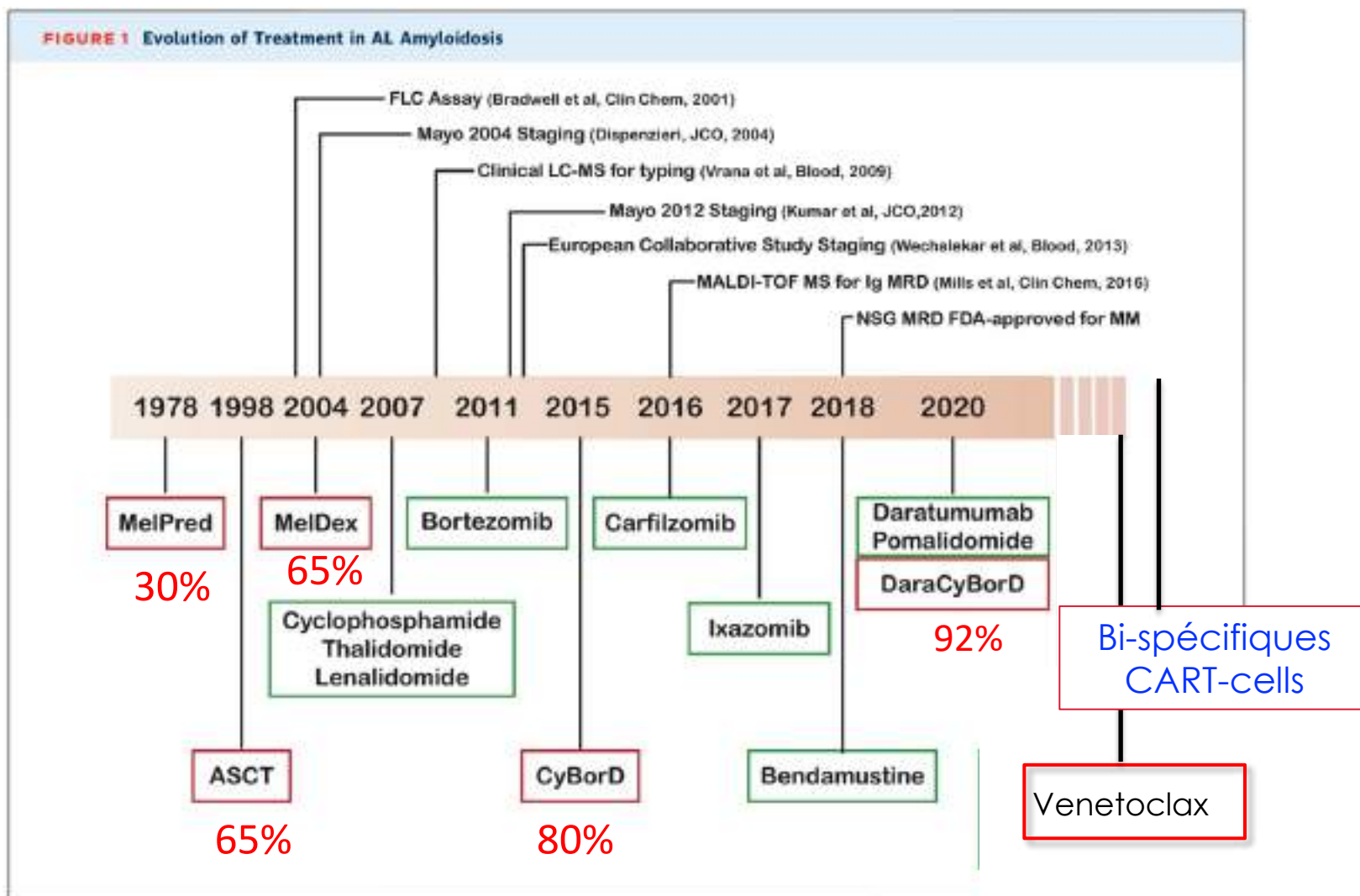
AL Amyloidosis: Current Chemotherapy and Immune Therapy Treatment Strategies
JACC: CardioOncology State-of-the-Art Review
Guthrie et al, 2020

STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW

AL Amyloidosis: Current Chemotherapy and Immune Therapy Treatment Strategies

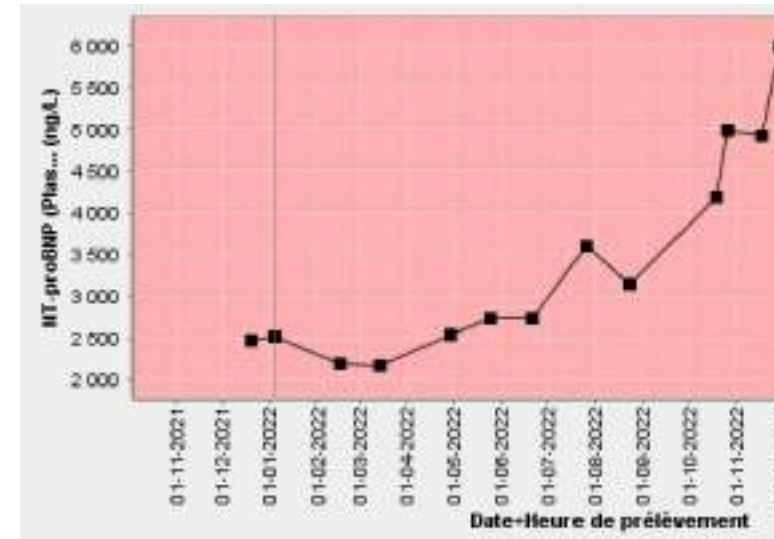
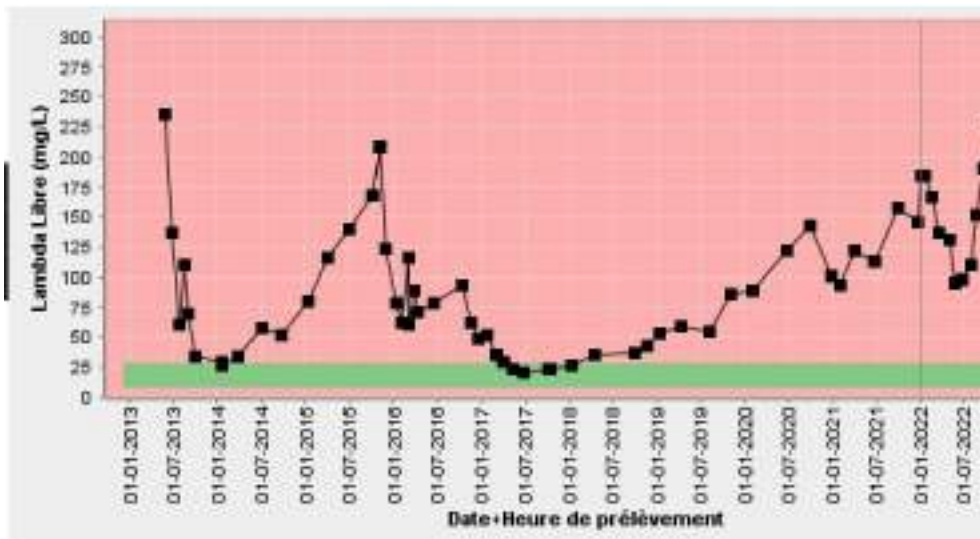
JACC: CardioOncology State-of-the-Art Review

Guthrie et al, 2020



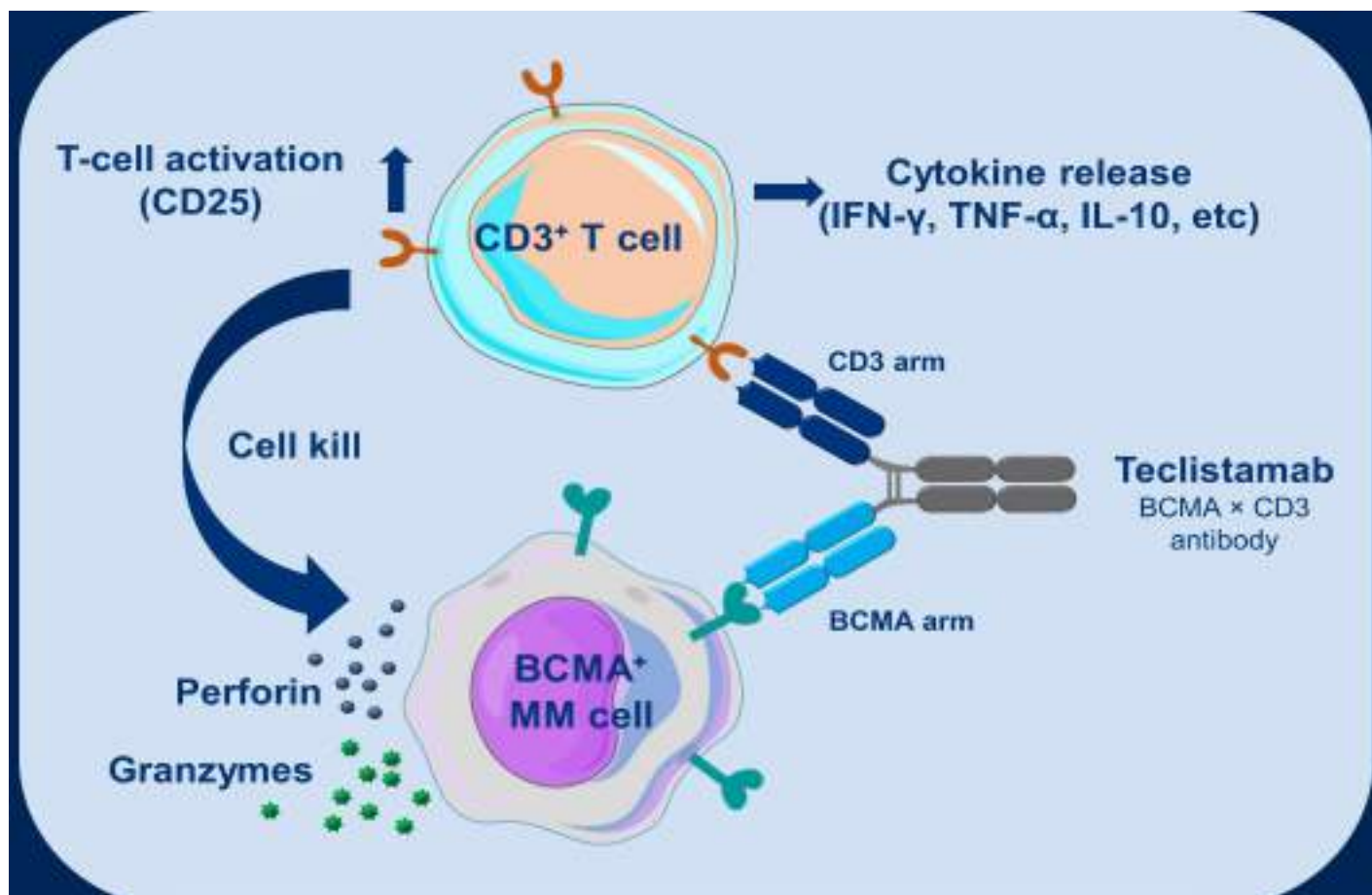
Patient de 63 ans, myélome suivi depuis 2013,

- Trois lignes de traitement jusqu'à janvier 2022,
 - VTD (refus autogreffe)
 - Lenalidomide dexta
 - VRD puis entretien lenalidomide
- Augmentation progressive du NT-proBNP et dyspnée d'effort
 - Diagnostic d'amylose AL cardiaque (biopsie glandes salivaires et graisses SC) en janvier 2022



Teclistamab

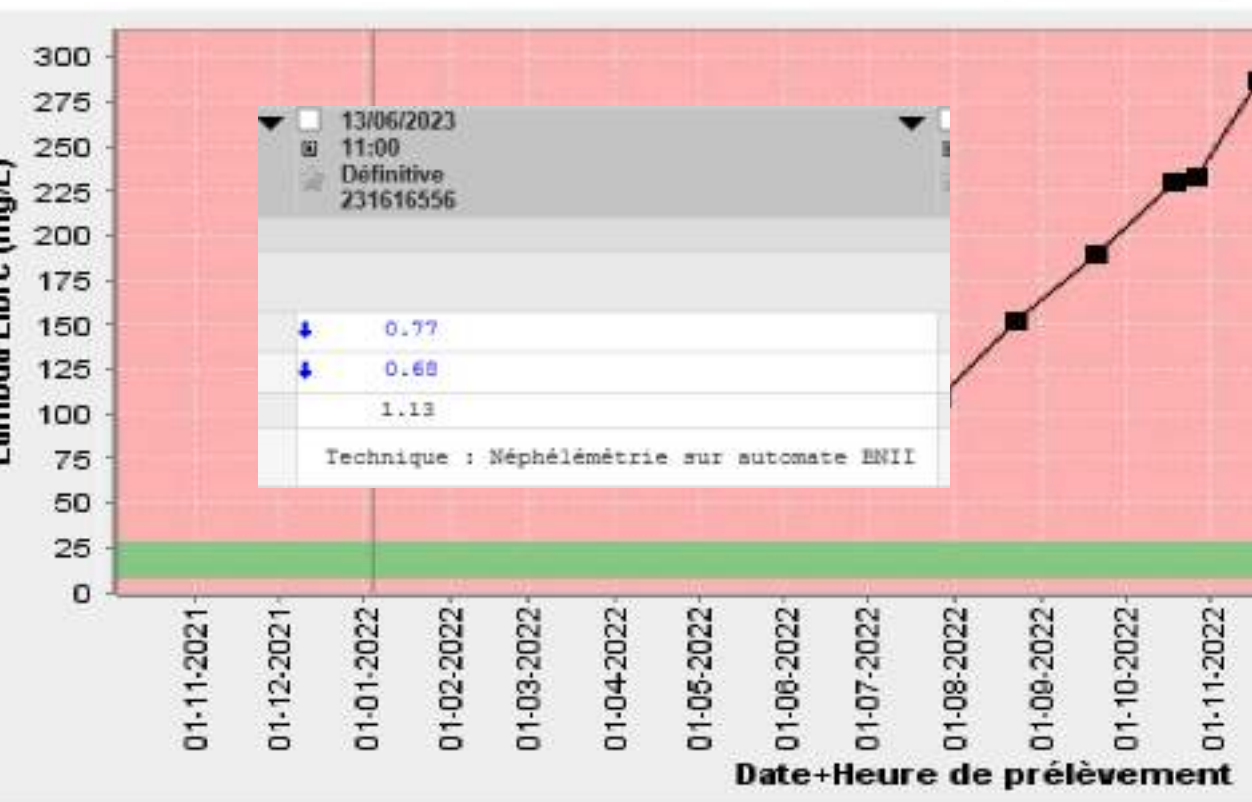
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Traitement par Daratumumab-VCD, Pomalidomide- endoxan- dexa tpuis bendamustine : progression hématologique

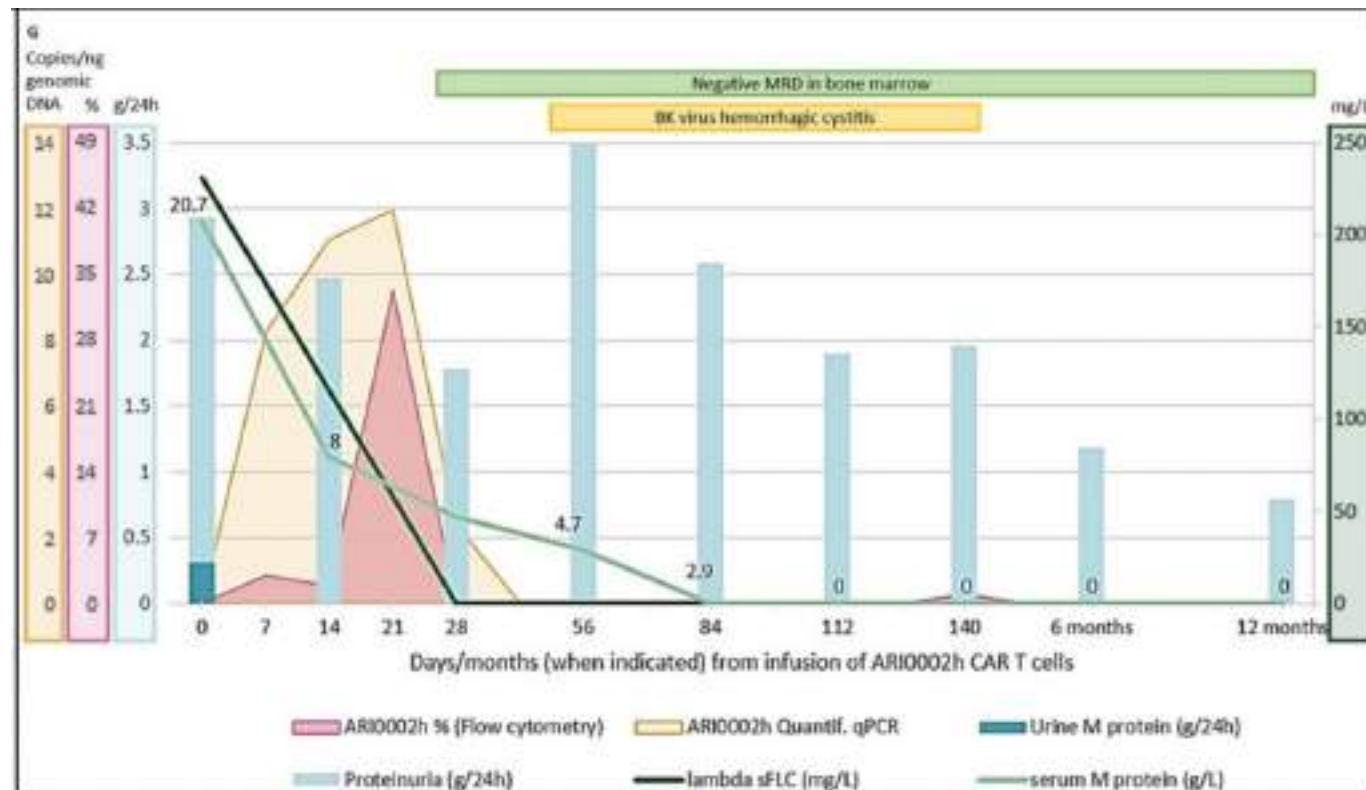
Teclistamab, première injection 25/11/2022

Dara-VCD Poma endoxan dex Benda



First report of CART treatment in AL amyloidosis and relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma

Aina Oliver-Caldes ^{1,2} Raquel Jiménez,^{1,2,3} Marta Español-Rego,^{4,5} ...

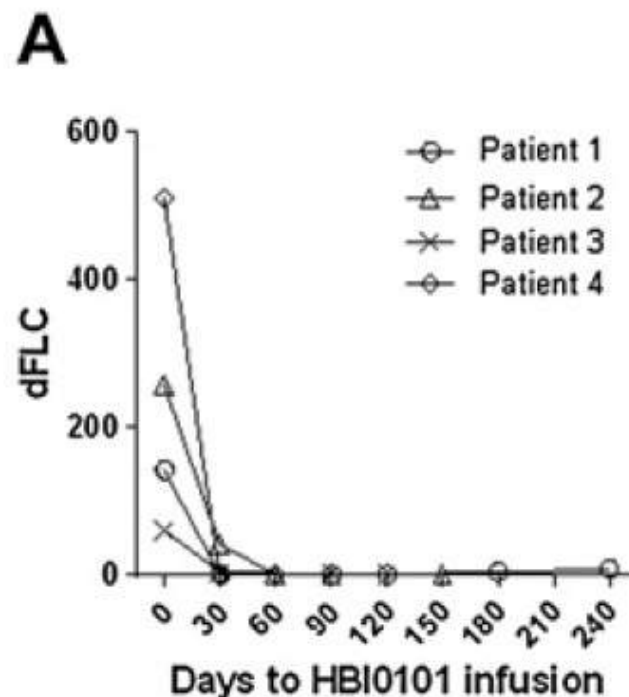


Oliver-Caldes A, Jiménez R, Español-Rego M, et al. First report of CART treatment in AL amyloidosis and relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. *Journal for ImmunoTherapy of Cancer* 2021;9:e003783

Feasibility of a Novel Academic BCMA-CART (HBI0101) for the Treatment of Relapsed and Refractory AL Amyloidosis



Shlomit Kfir-Erenfeld¹, Nathalie Asherie¹, Sigal Grisariu¹, Batia Avni¹, Eran Zimran^{1,2}, Miri Assayag¹, Tatyana Dubnikov Sharon¹, Marjorie Pick², Eyal Lebel², Adir Shaulov², Yael C. Cohen³, Irit Avivi³, Cyrille J. Cohen⁴, Polina Stepensky¹, and Moshe E. Gatt²



BCMA-Targeted CART (HBI0101), a Safe and Efficacious Novel Modality of Treatment for Light Chain Amyloidosis (AL) Patients

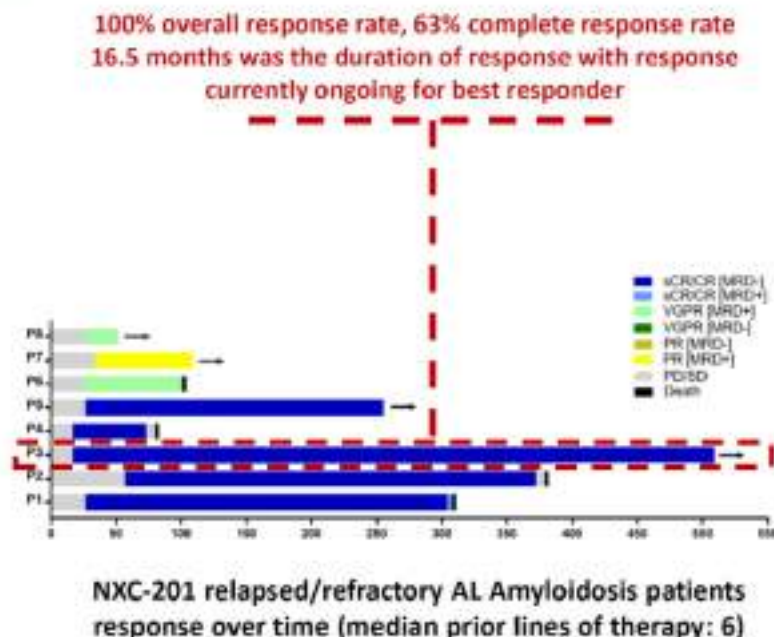
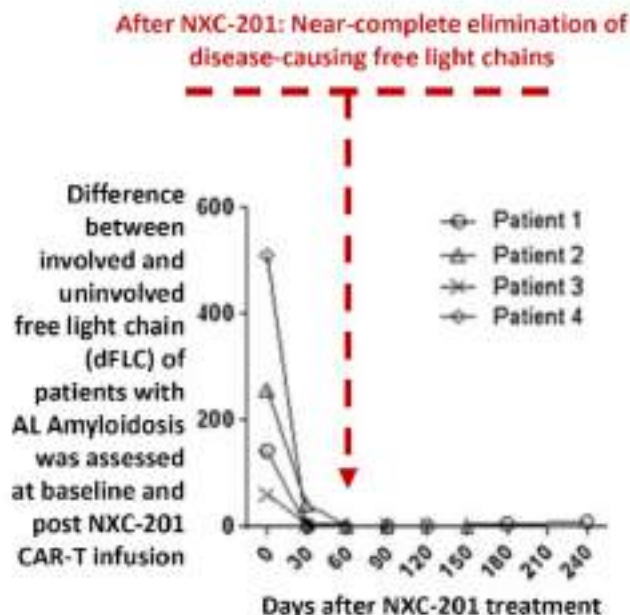
Nathalie Asherie, PhD

Department of Bone Marrow Transplantation and Cancer Immunotherapy

ASGCT, Los Angeles, CA

- May 2023 -

In 8 DARZALEX-refractory AL amyloidosis patients, NXC-201 treatment has resulted in 100% overall response rate and 63% complete response



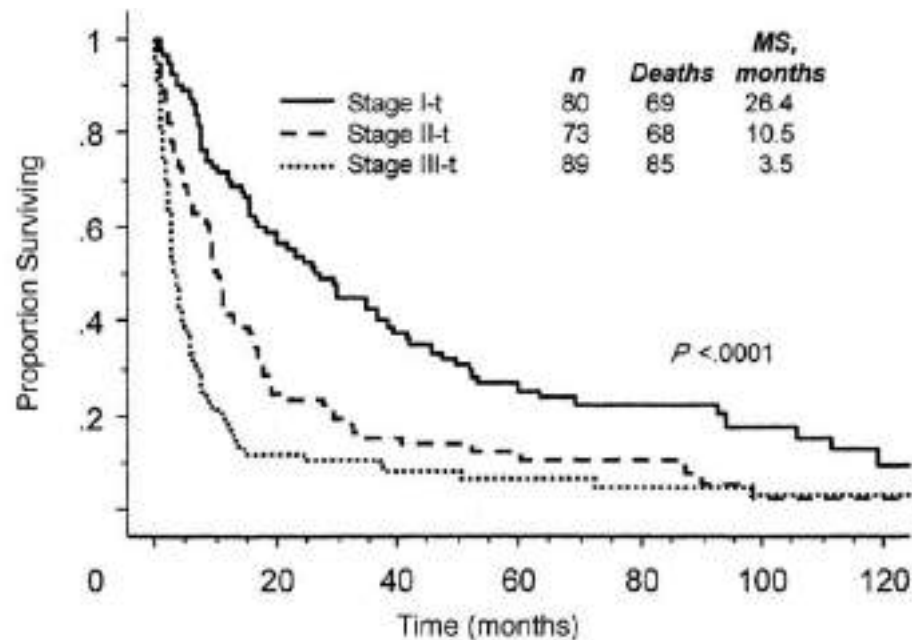
Source: Asherie N. BCMA-Targeted CART (HBI0101), a Safe and Efficacious Novel Modality of Treatment for Light Chain Amyloidosis (AL) Patients. ASGCT, Los Angeles, CA, May 19 2023. Oral Presentation – Late-Breaking Abstract. Data cutoff date of May 11, 2023

Kfir-Erenfeld S, Asherie N, Grisariu S, Avni B, Zimran E, Assayag M, Sharon TD, Pick M, Lebel E, Shaulov A, Cohen YC, Avni I, Cohen CJ, Strepensky P, Gatt ME. Feasibility of a Novel Academic BCMA-CART (HBI0101) for the Treatment of Relapsed and Refractory AL Amyloidosis. Clin Cancer Res. 2022 Dec 1;28(23):5156-5166. doi:

Amélioration de la survie depuis 2004

242 pts, 1979-2000
Mayo Clinic, surtout MP

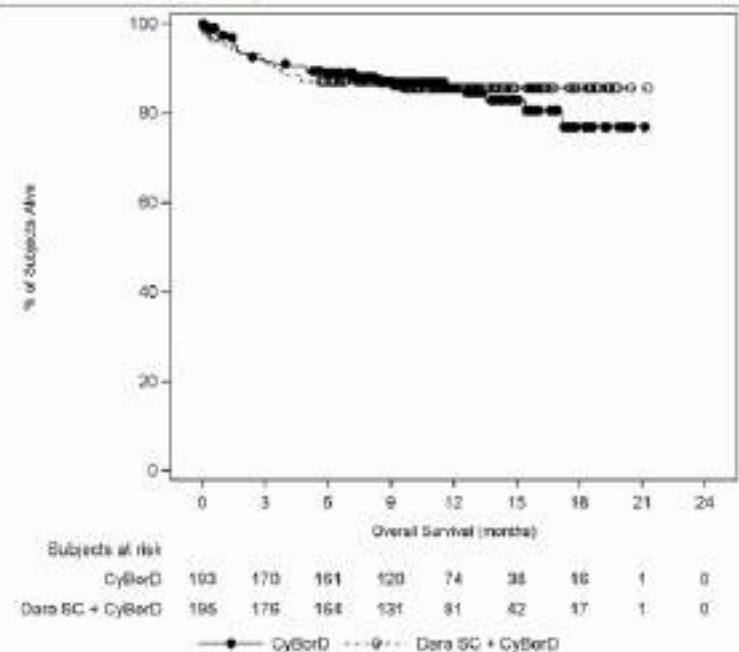
388 pts, 2018-2021
Andromeda (sans les IIIB)



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Figure 19: Kaplan-Meier Plot for Overall Survival (OS): Intent-to-treat Analysis Set (Study 54767414A3MY3031)



Remerciements

- Tous les centres participants au réseau du Centre de référence Amylose AL et autres maladies par dépôt d'IG monoclonales
- L'association Française contre l'amylose
- Equipes de recherche clinique à Limoges et Poitiers
- UMR CNRS 7276 INSERM 1262 CRIBL

